

# Colonne opérée: Les bases...

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New or recurrent symptoms  
Septic context



Imaging

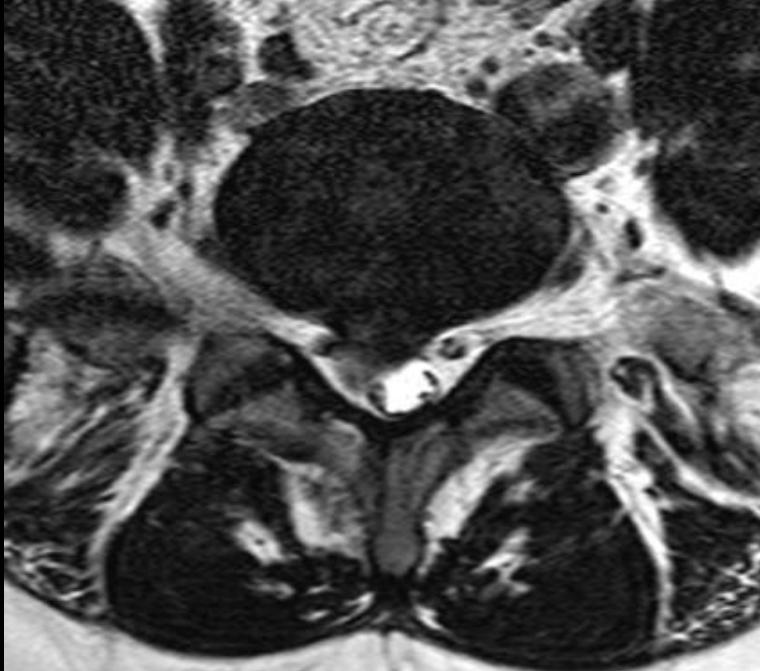


MRI

# Observations post-op normales

- bone and ligament defect
- metallic artefacts, bubbles
- epidural – soft tissue infiltration, scar
- root, soft tissue enhancement
- thecal sac widening
- « fantom » of the disk fragment

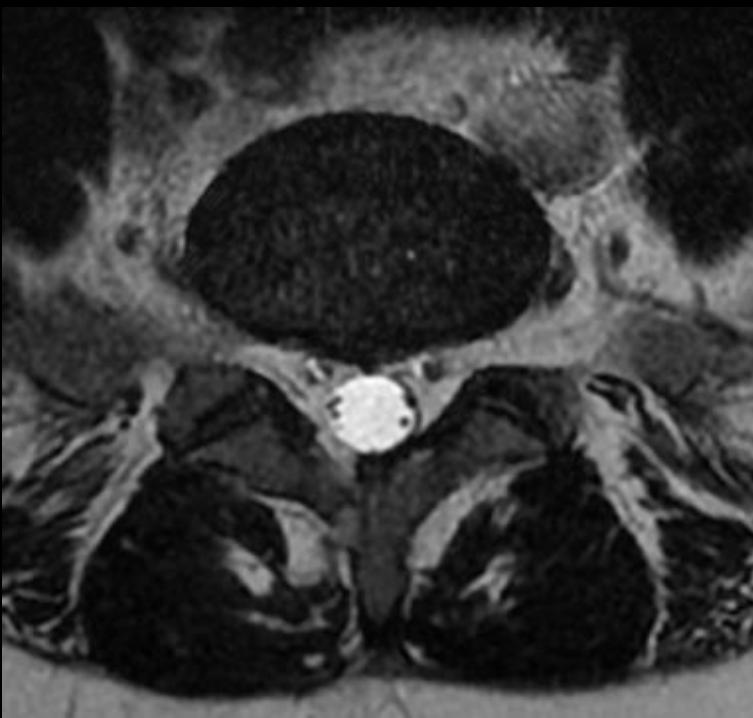
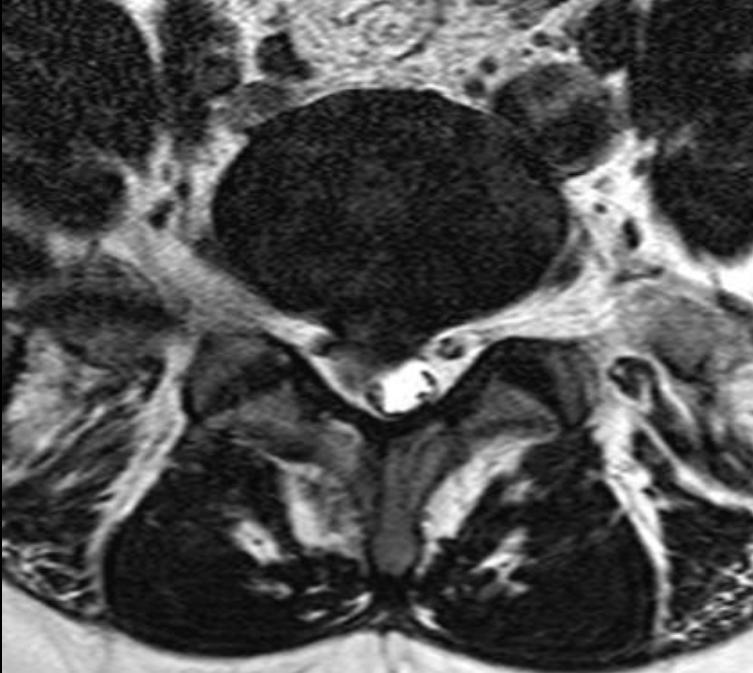
Preop



+6 j

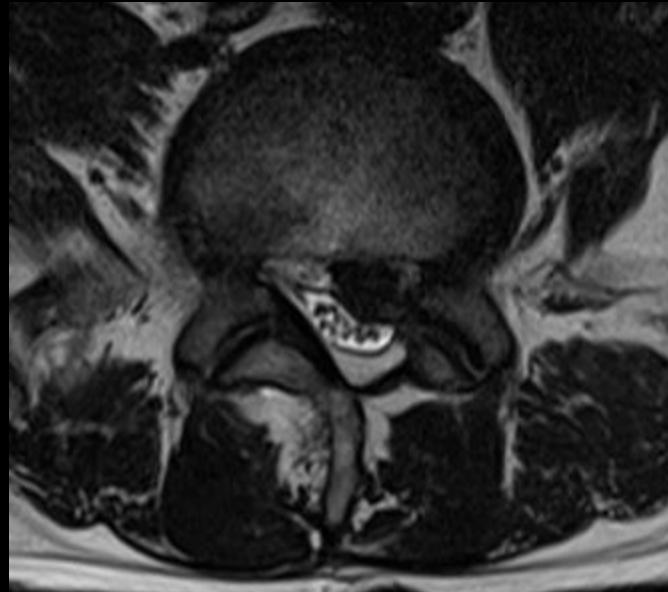


« Chaussette vide »

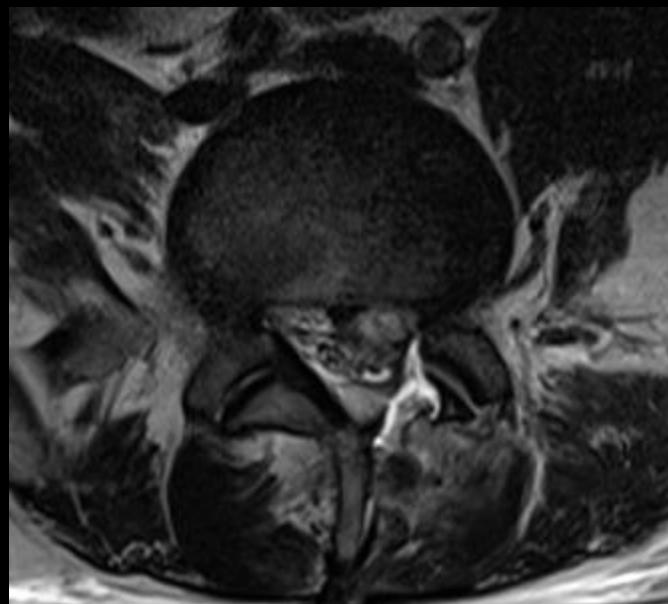


+6 m

Preop

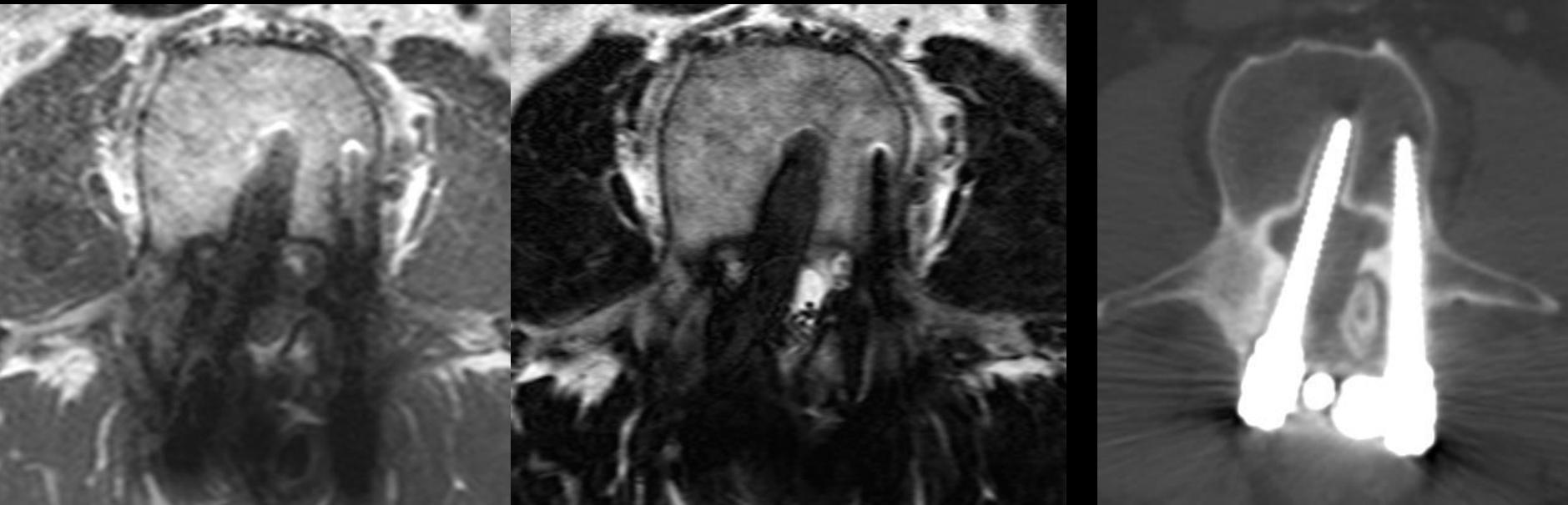


+2 j

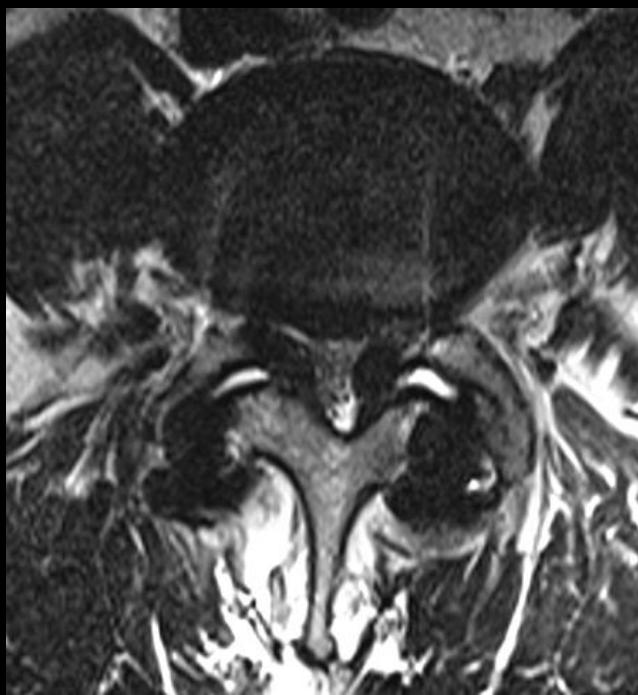
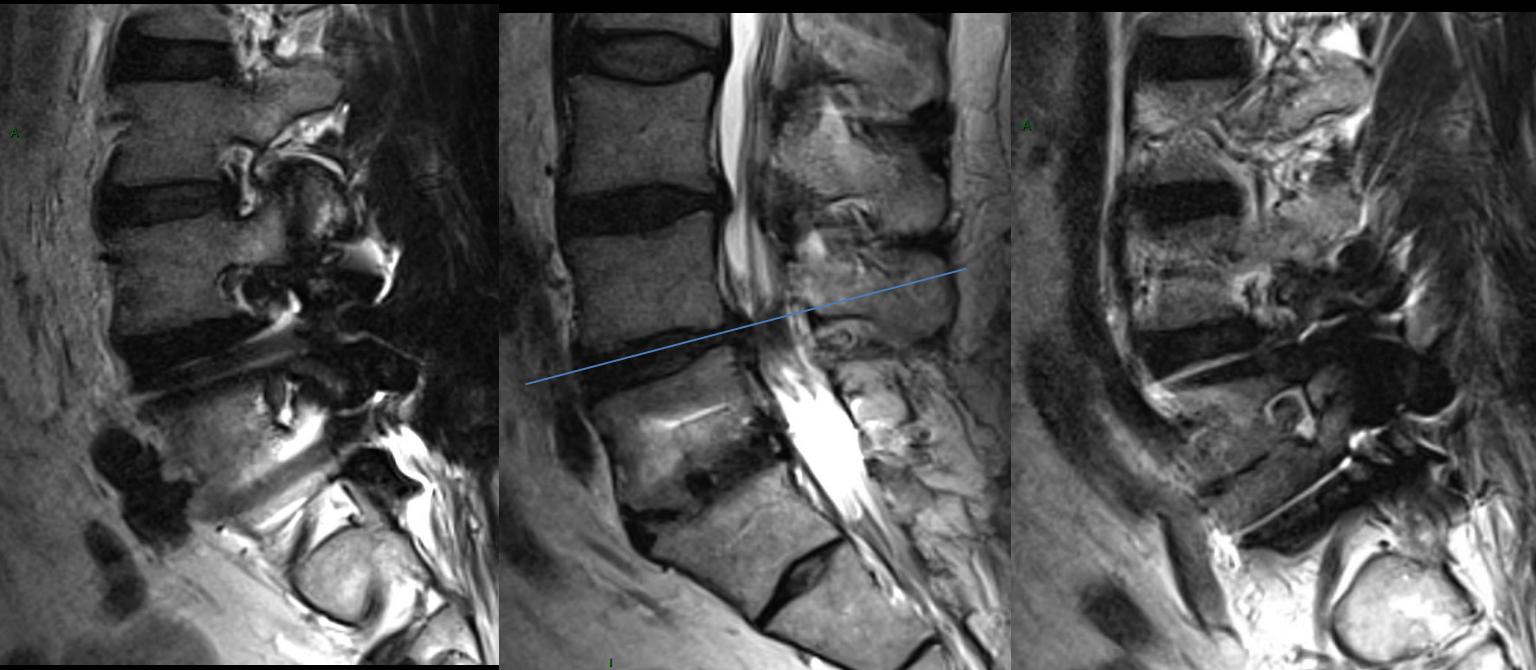


# Malposition of material

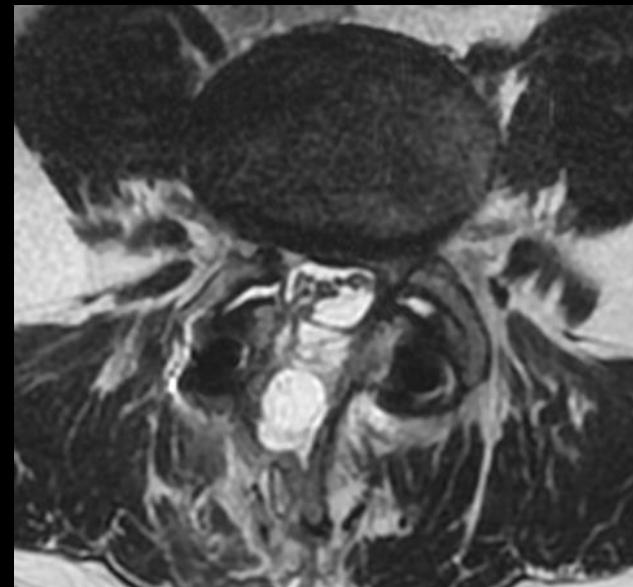
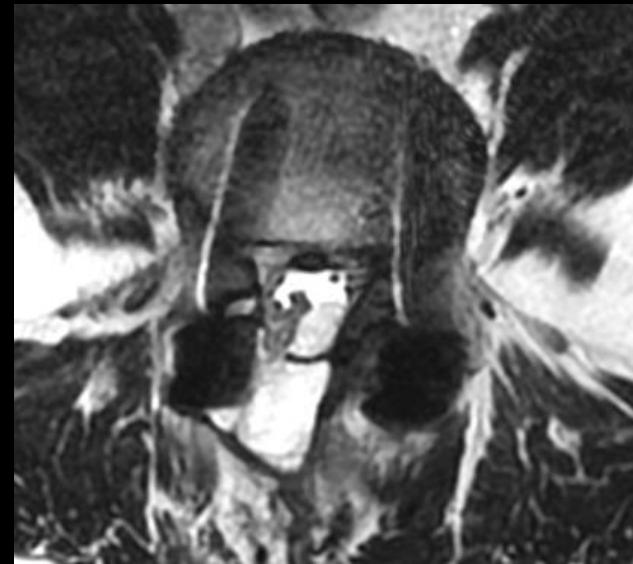
- Know what has been done
- Difficult at MRI
- CT !



# Preop

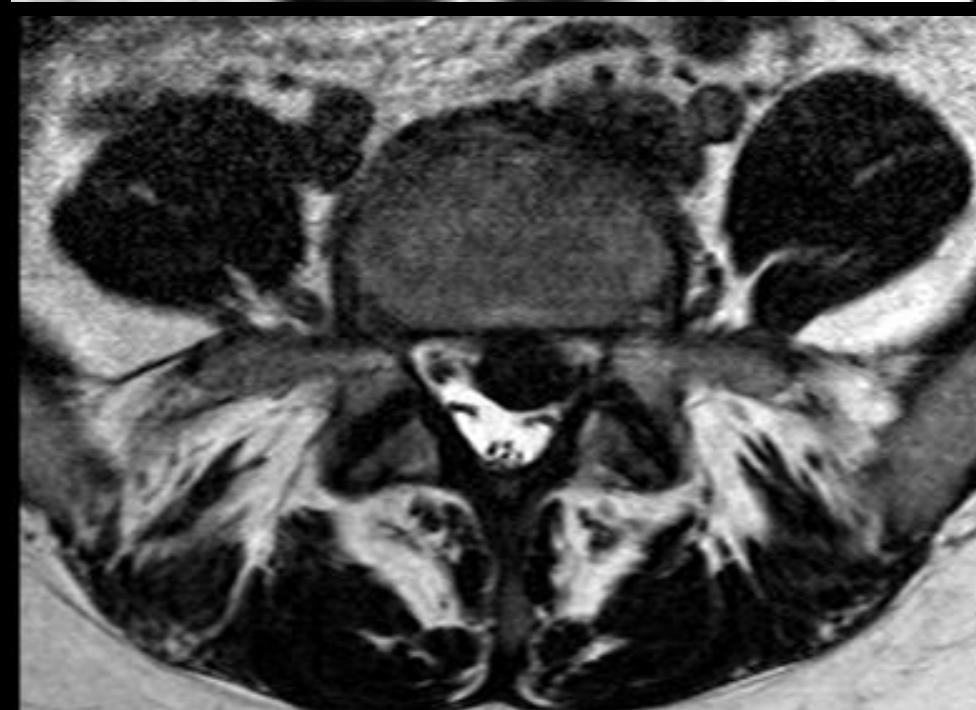
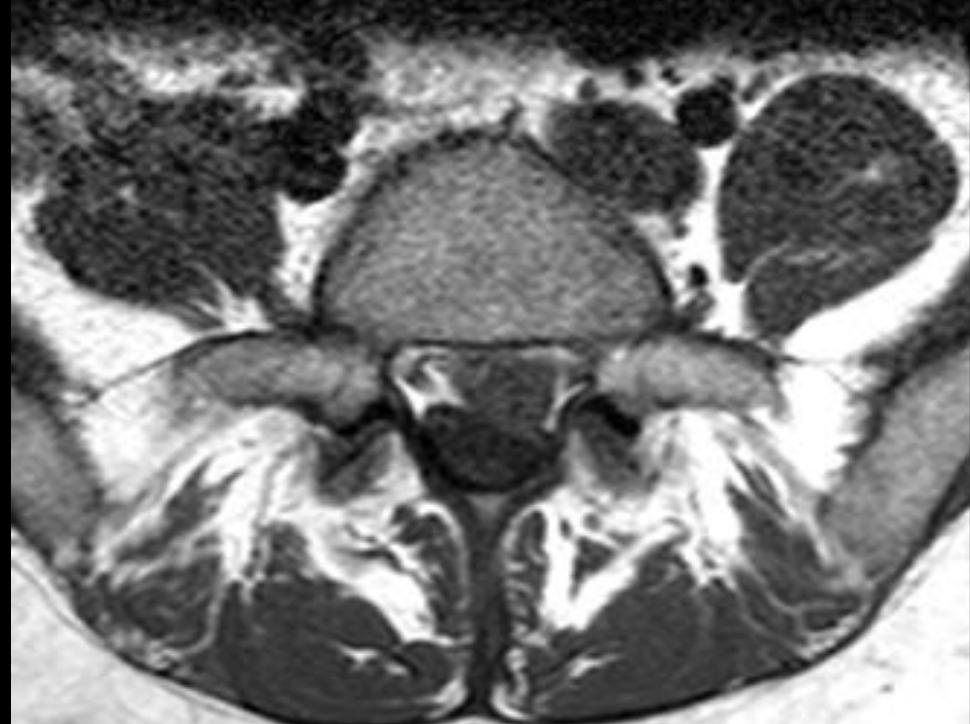


# Postop



# CSF leak : pseudomeningocele

- dural leak
- CSF collection in soft tissues
- sometimes with root herniation

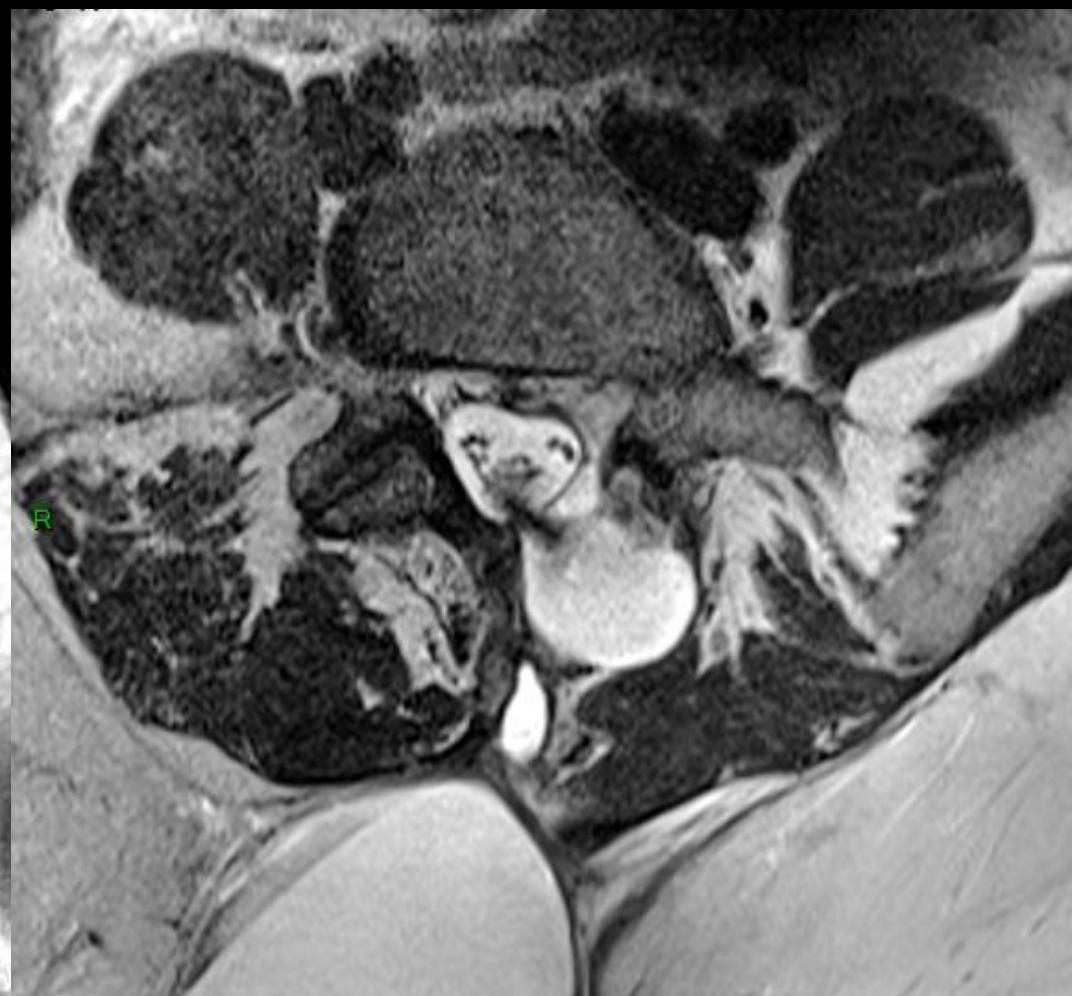




T1



T2

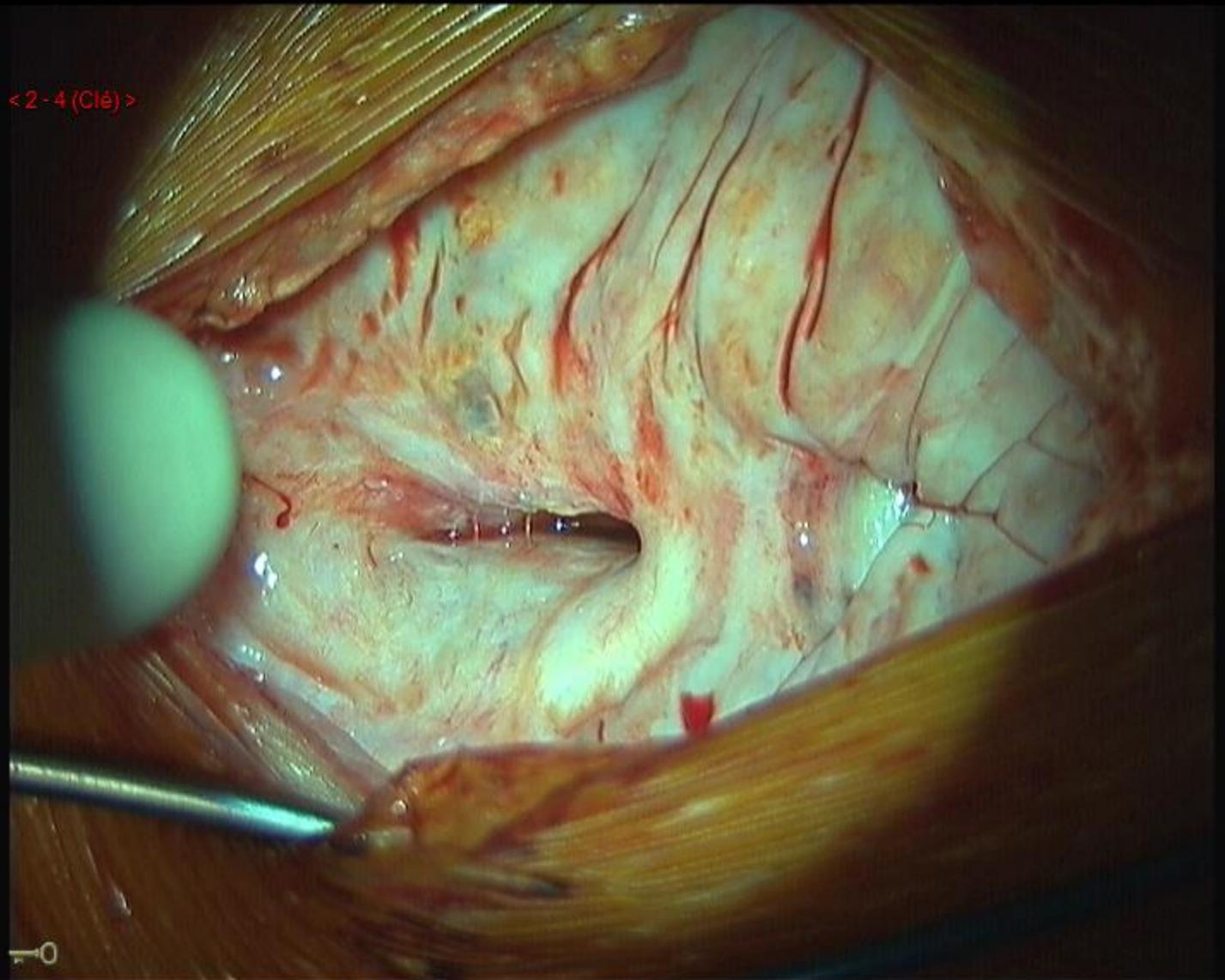


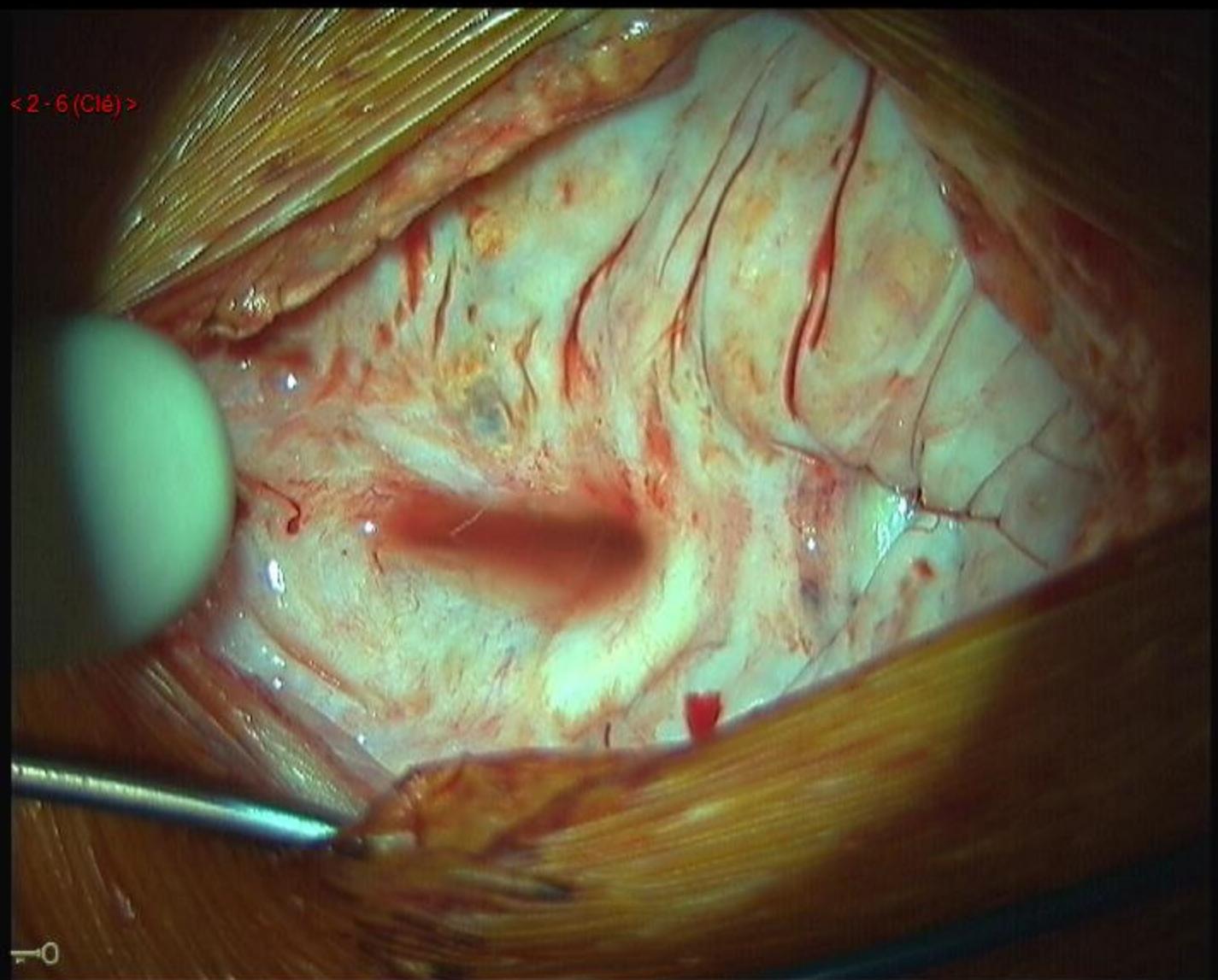
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2 (Clé) >

0

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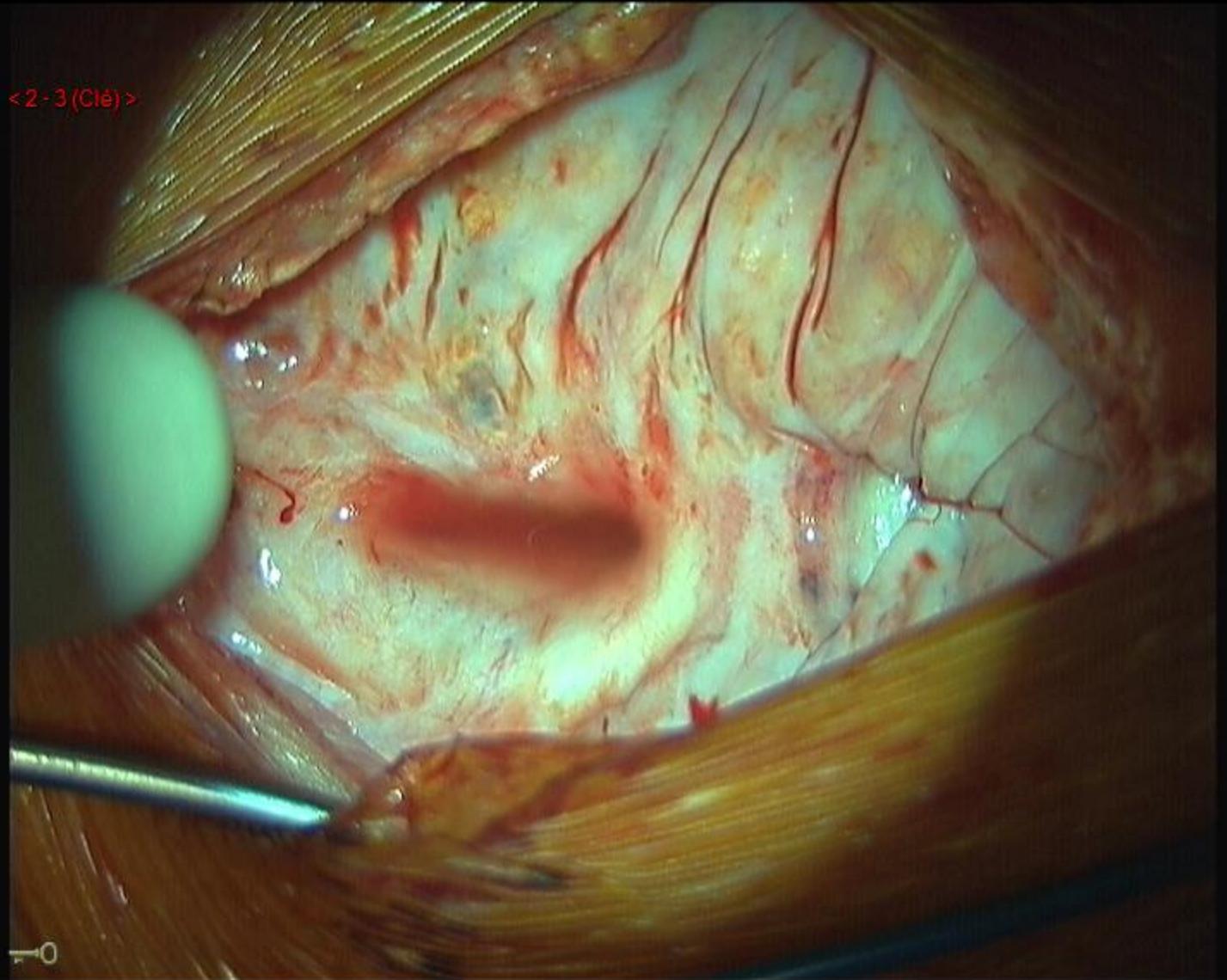




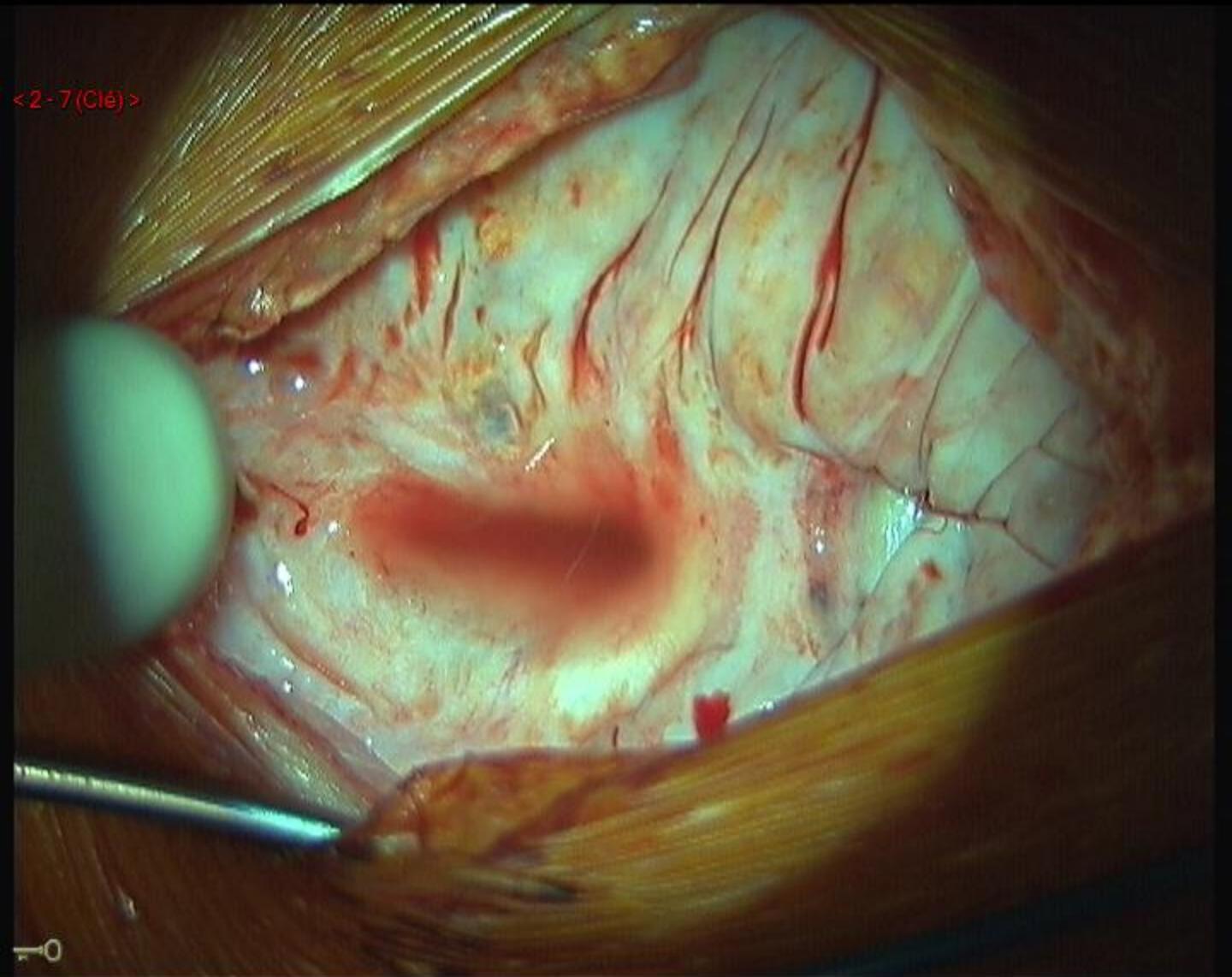
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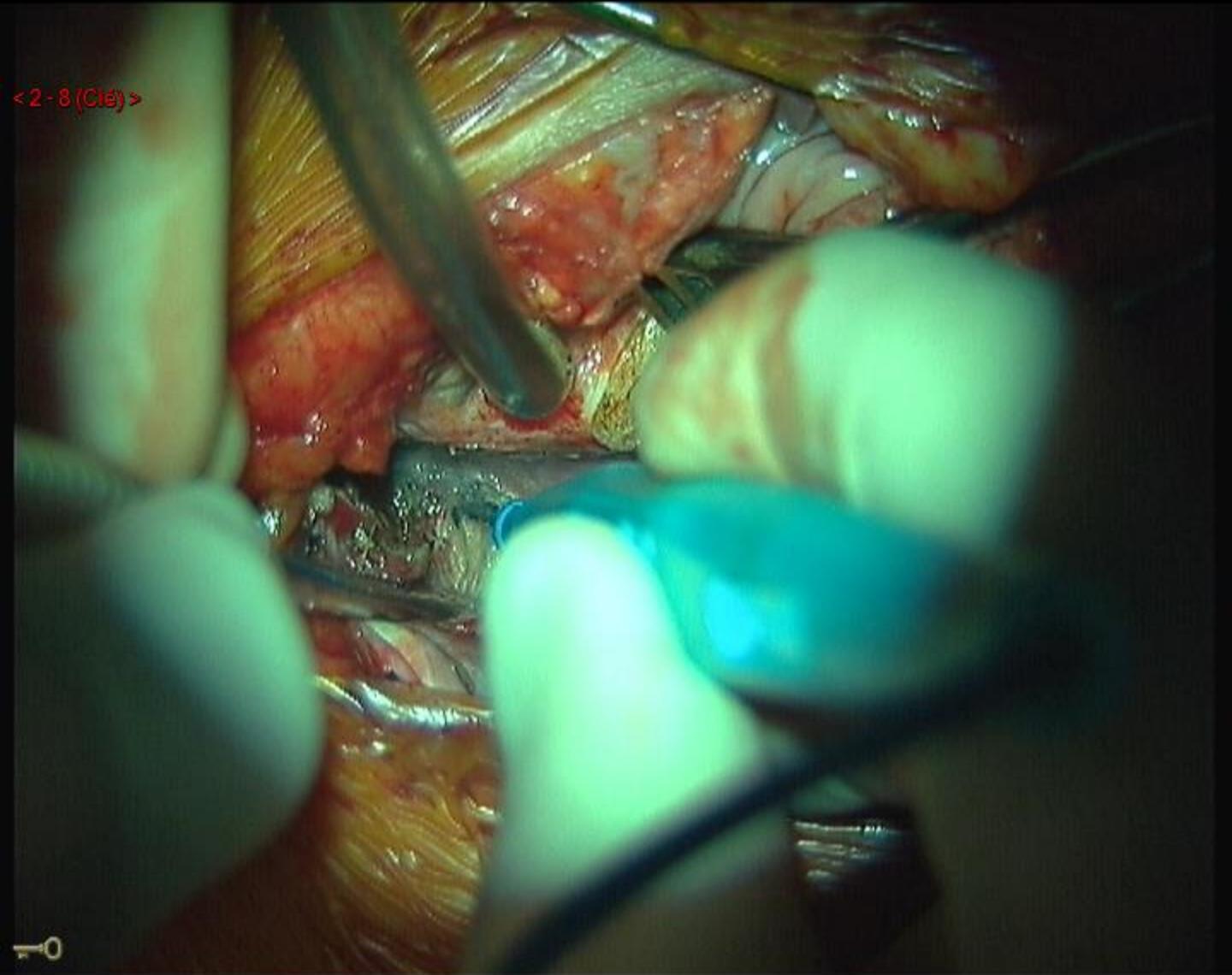
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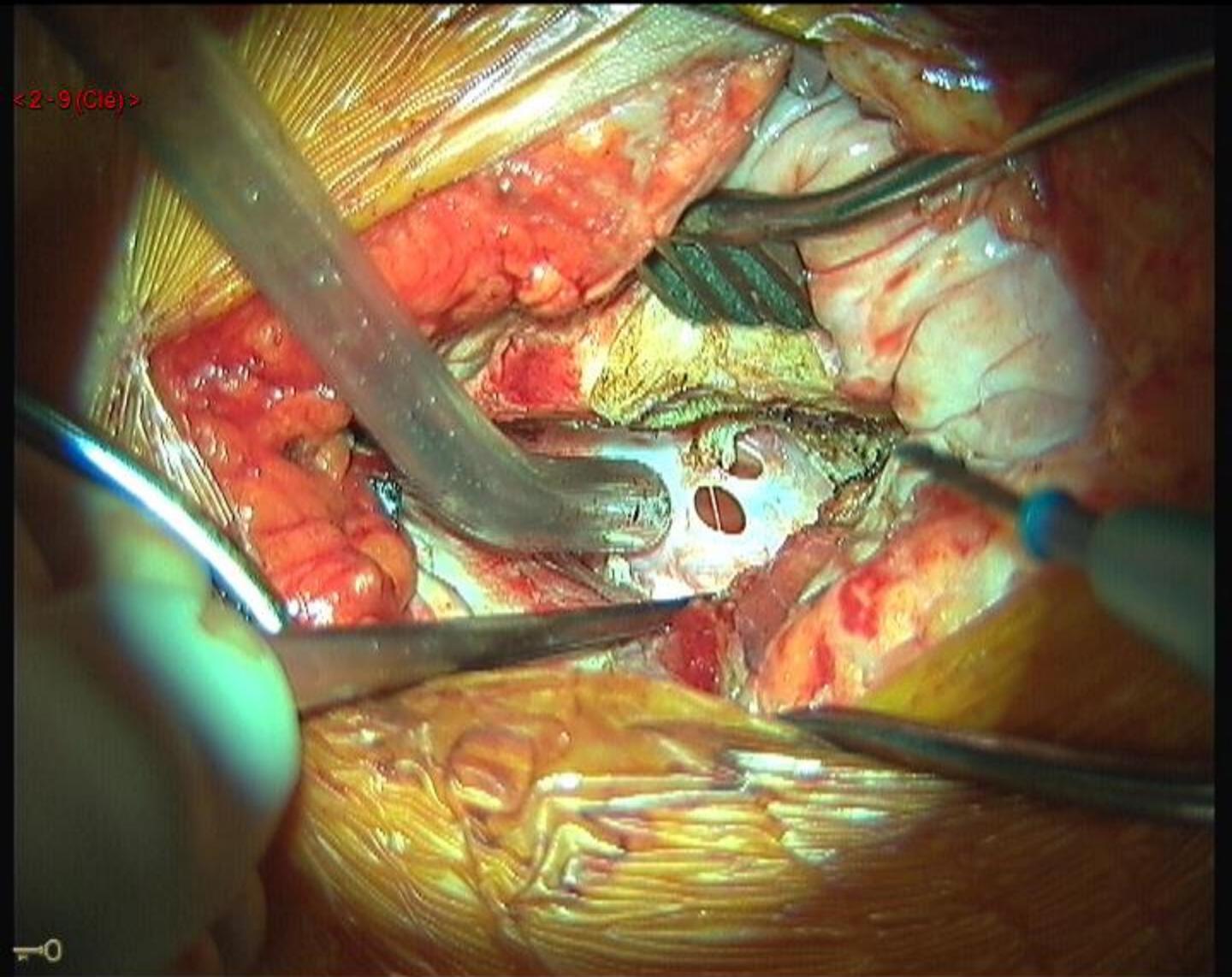
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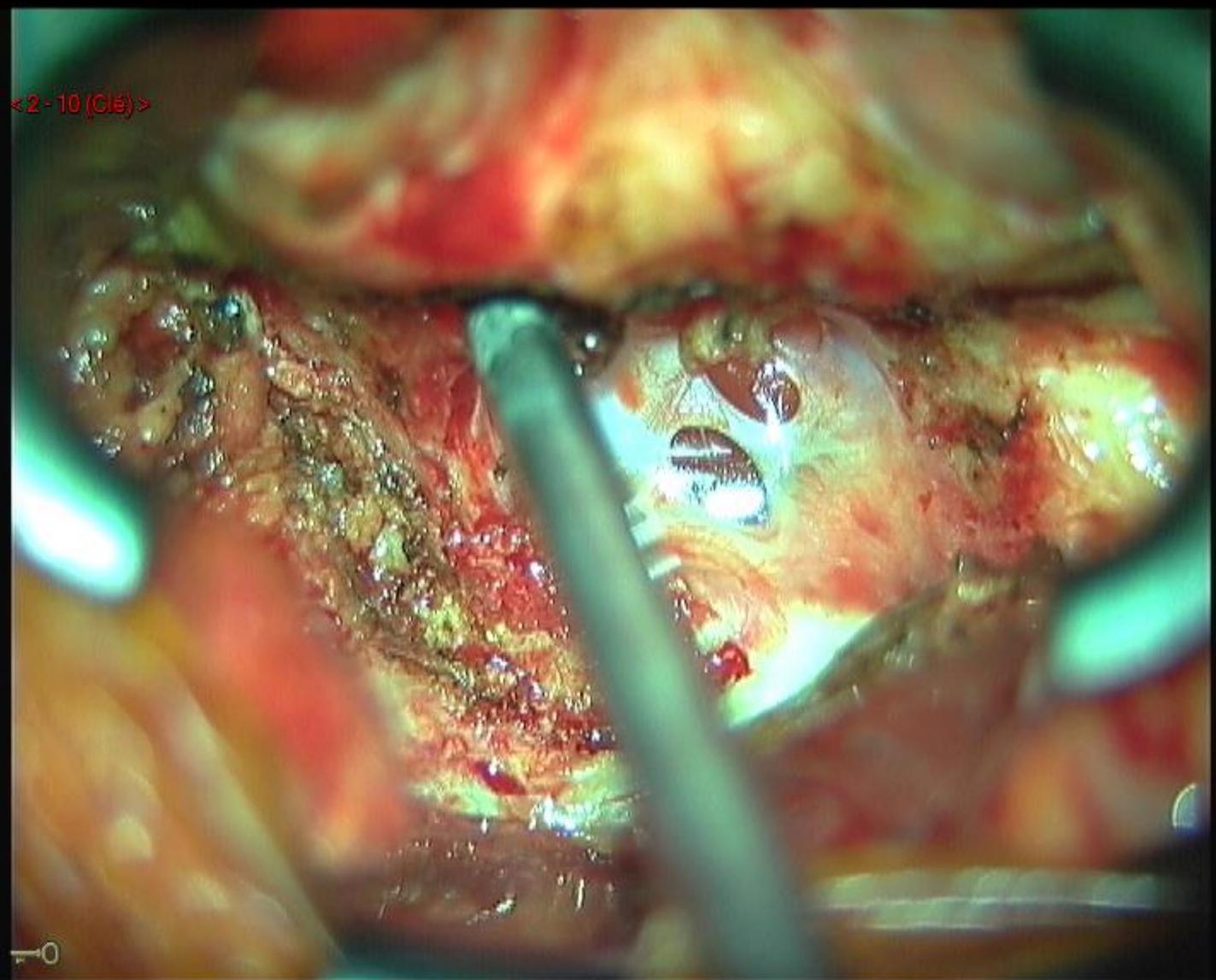


< 2 - 8 (Clé) >



<2-9(Clé)>

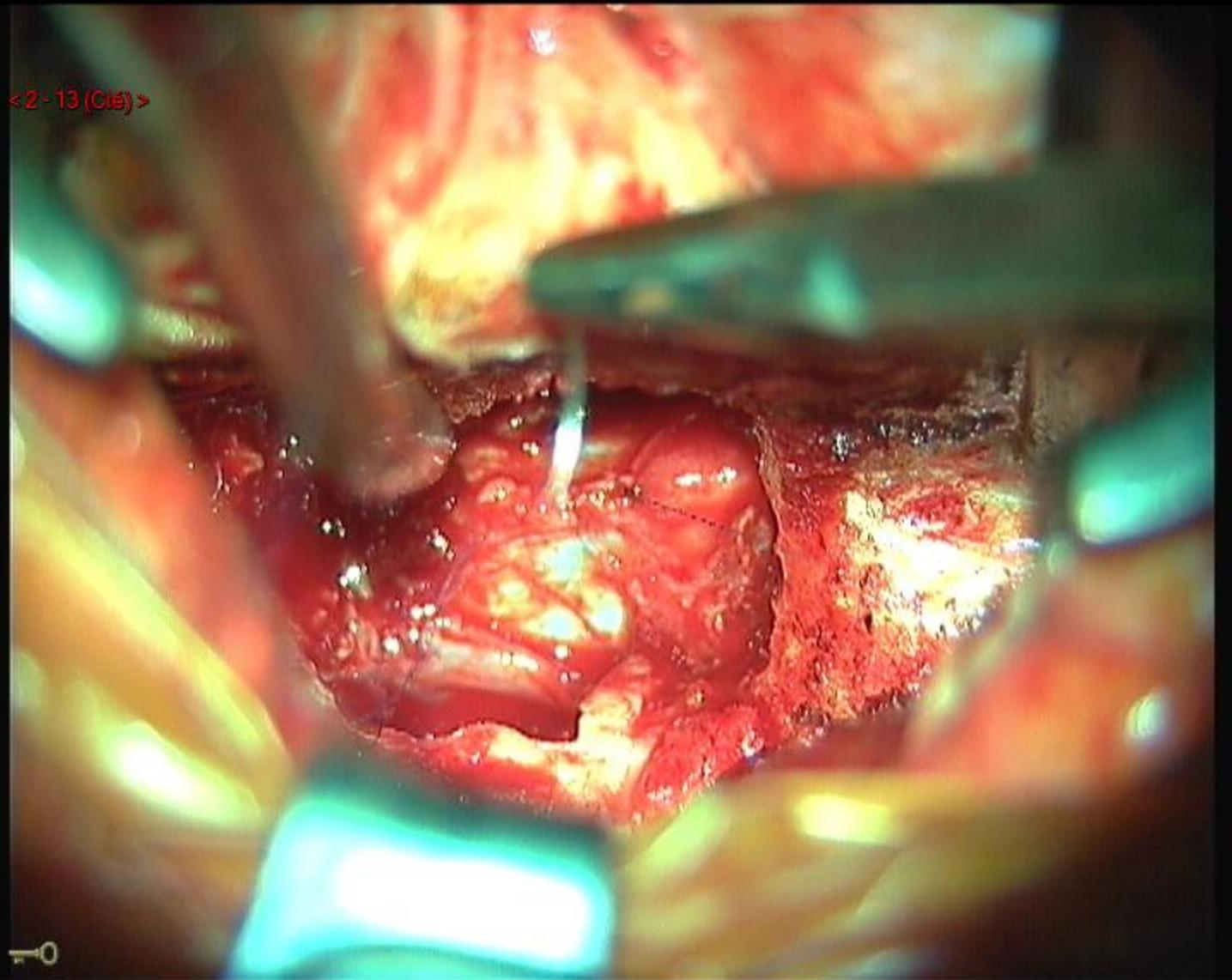




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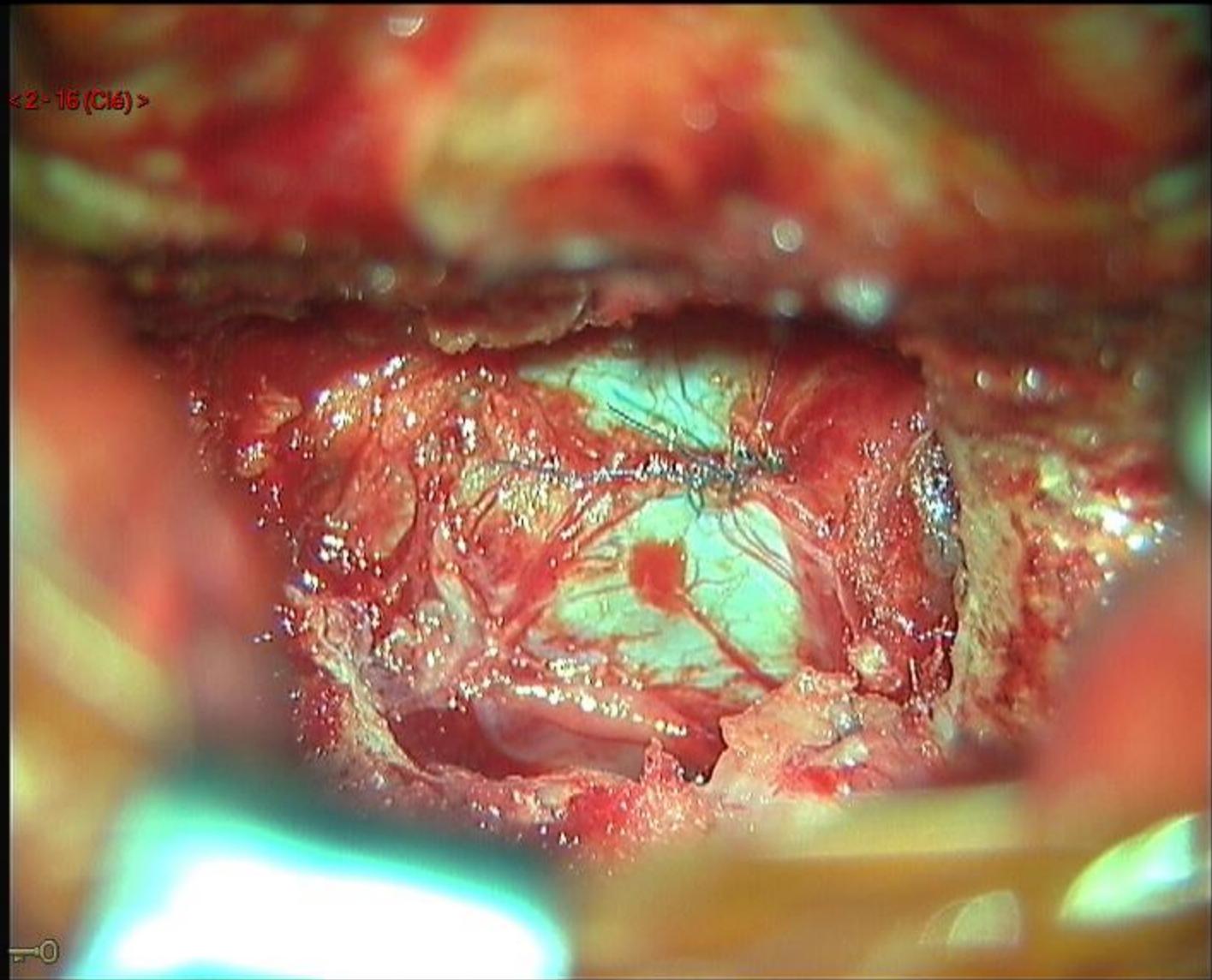
<2 - 10 (Gle)>

< 2 - 13 (Clé) >



0

<2-16 (Clé) >



# Preop



# Postop J2

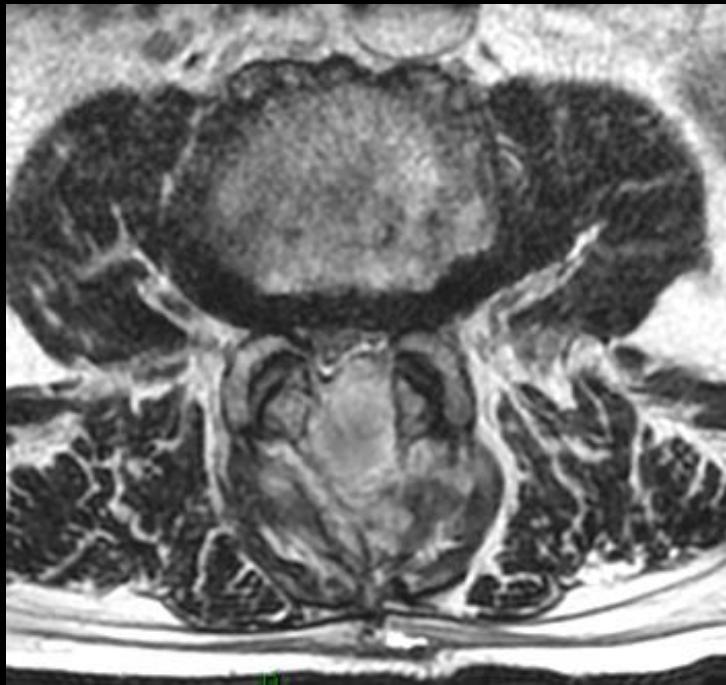


T1

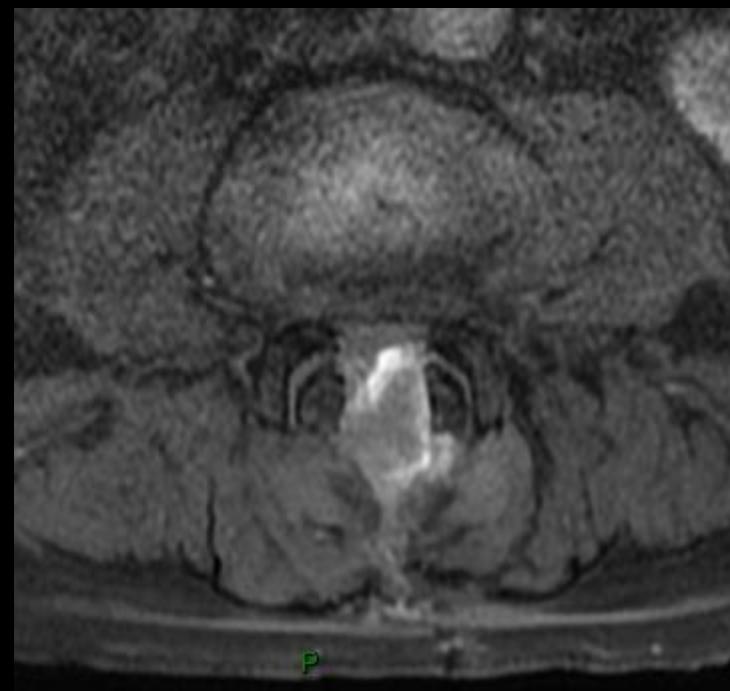


T2

# Postop



T2

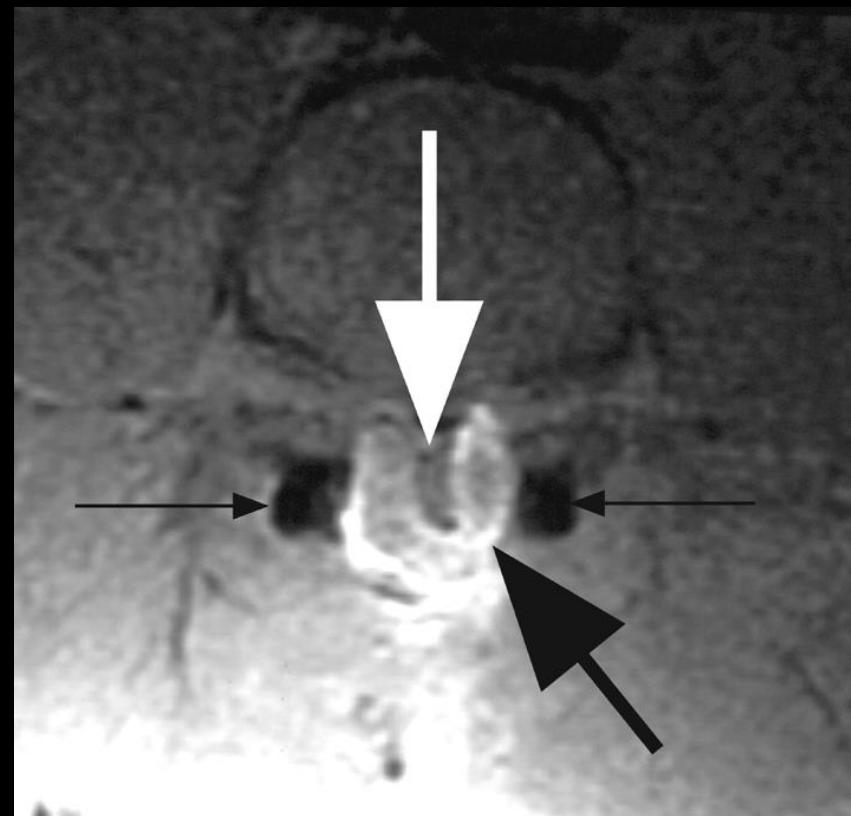


T1fs



# Hematoma

- Rare 1 %
- Difficult at CT
- MRI :
  - sensitive
  - specific
- Fat sat T1 !

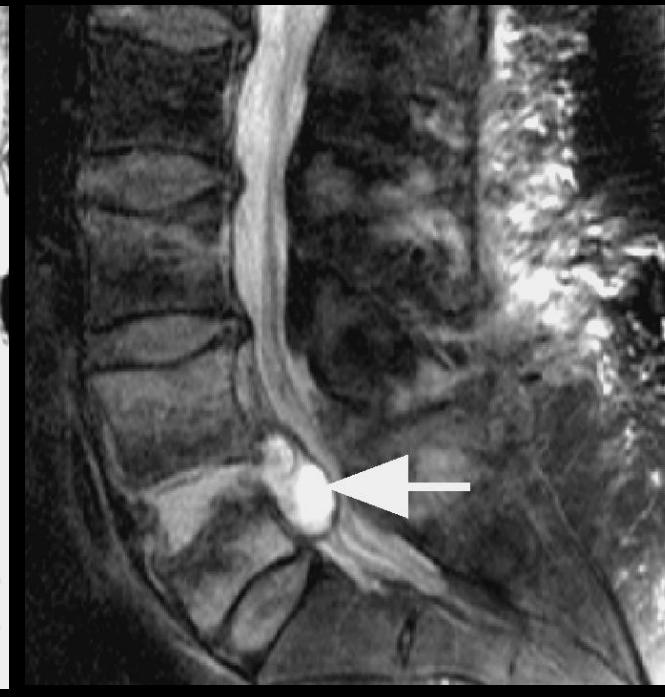




T1



T1G



T2fs

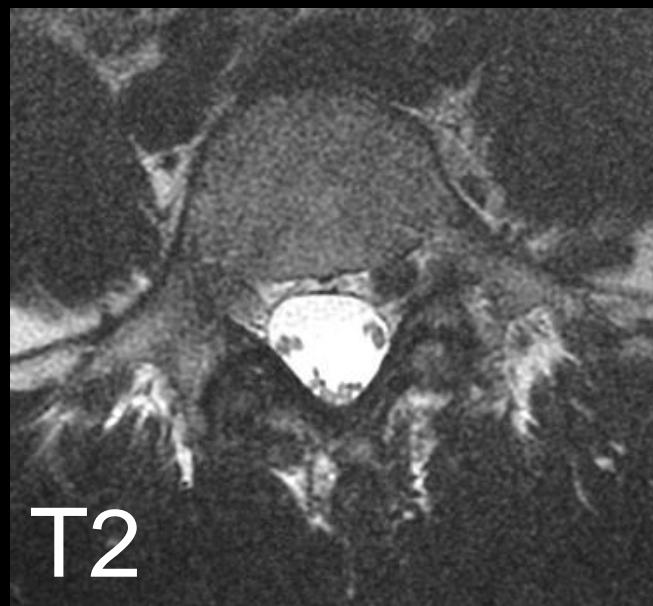
Preop



T1



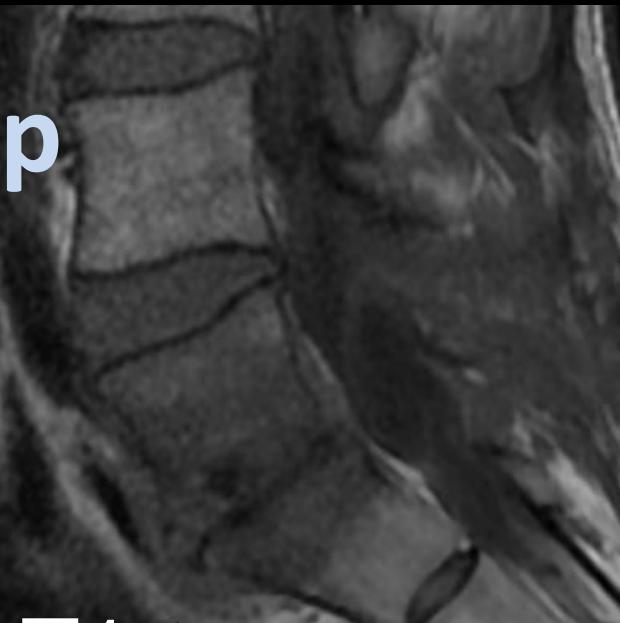
T2



T2

Postop

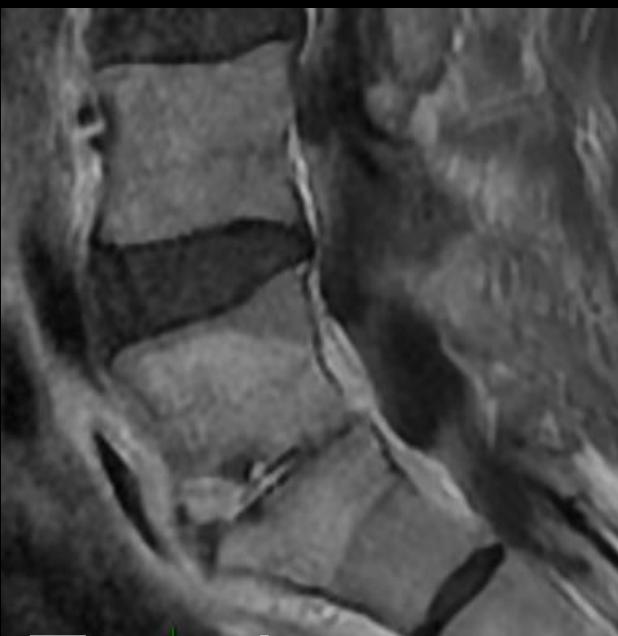
2 m



T1



T2



T1 gd



T1 gd fs

# Postop



T1



T1 Gd

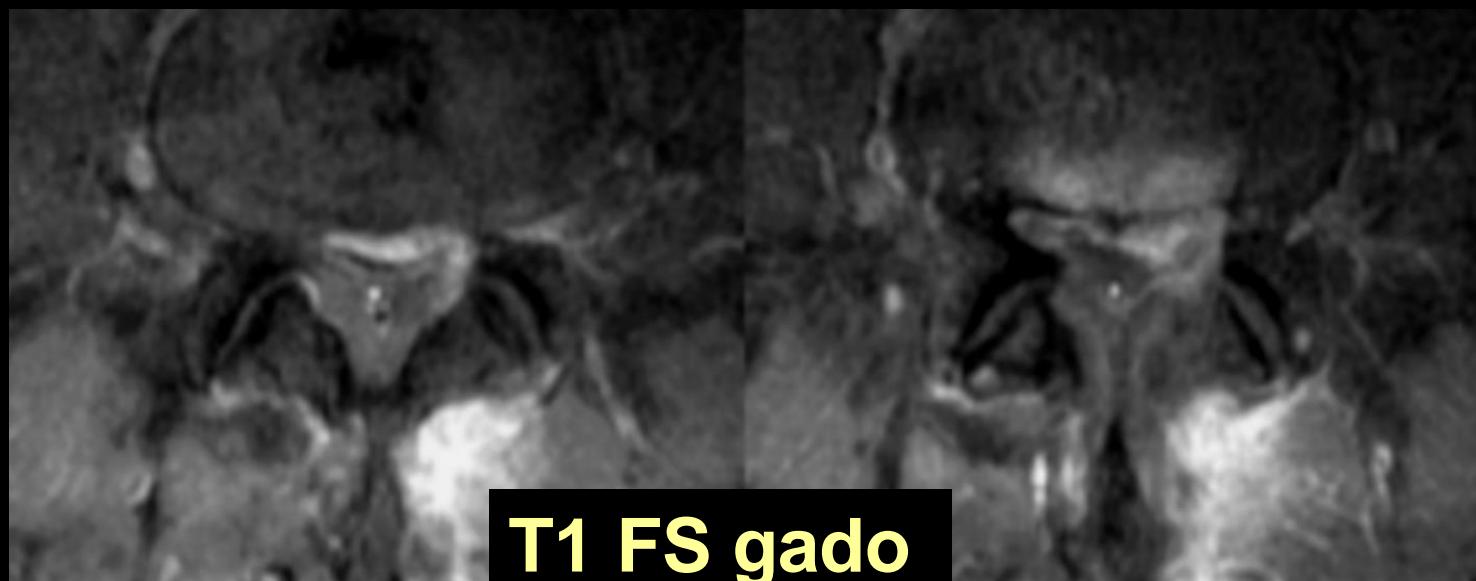
# Postop



# Infection

- < 1 %
- bacteria : 1) CoNS (*St. epidermidis* ...)  
                  2) *St. aureus*
- discrete clinical signs
- biology : ESR +/-; CRP +; WBC -

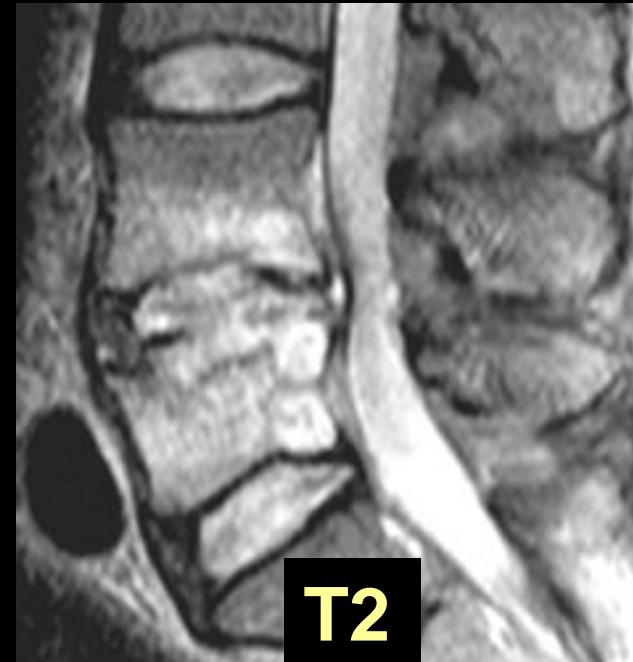
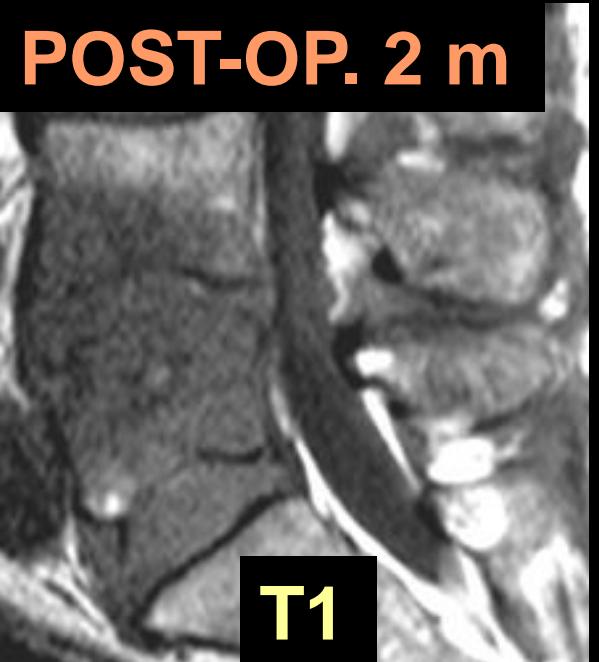
**POST-OP. 1 m**

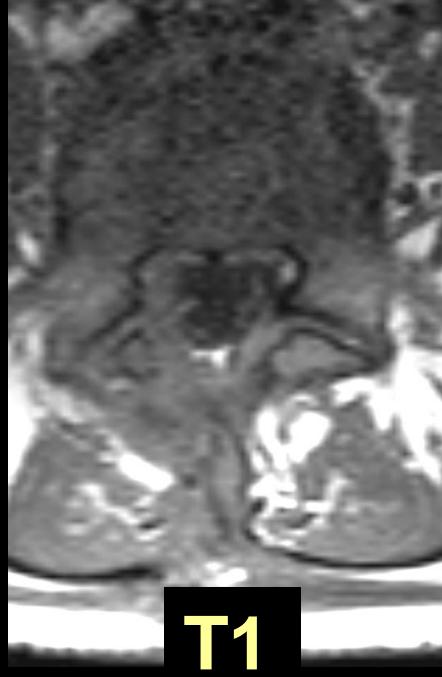


**POST-OP. 1 m**



**POST-OP. 2 m**





T1

2 w.



# Infection: imaging

- difficult
- usual post-op findings // spondylodiscitis
  - disk narrowing
  - bone erosions
  - inflammation bone / disk / soft tissues
- Repeat imaging / biology !
- Best clues = collection (abscess), distant abnormalities       $\Rightarrow$  sampling

Preop



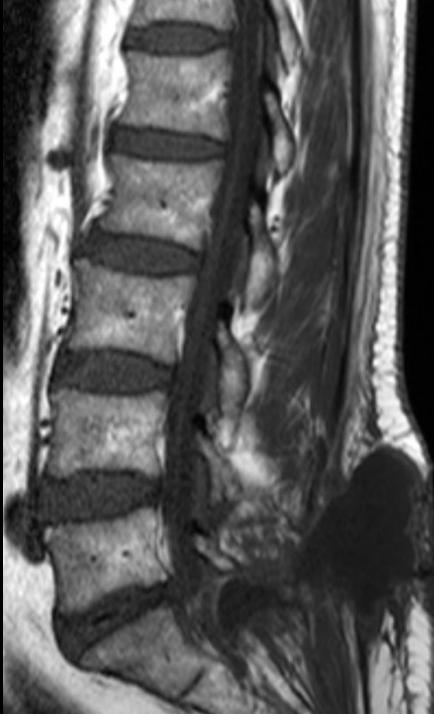
T1



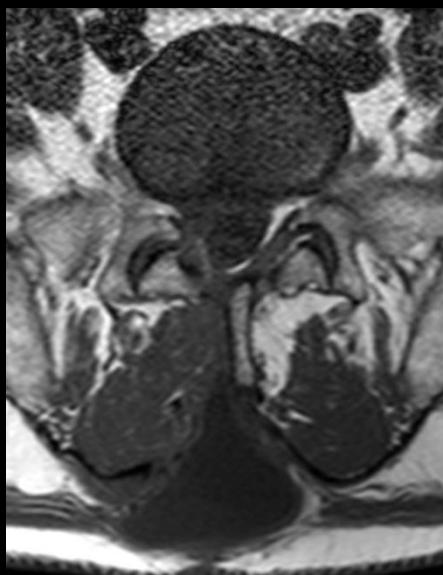
T2



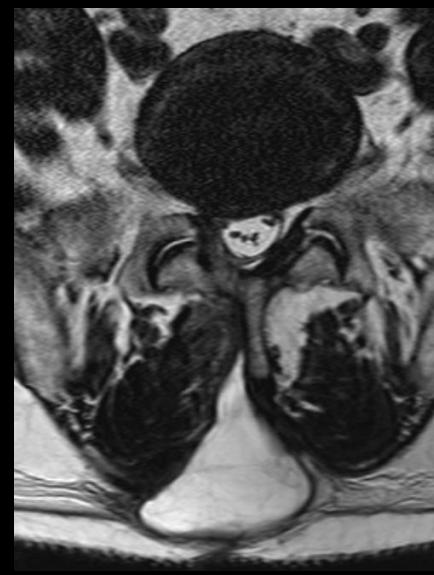
**Postop  
1 mois**



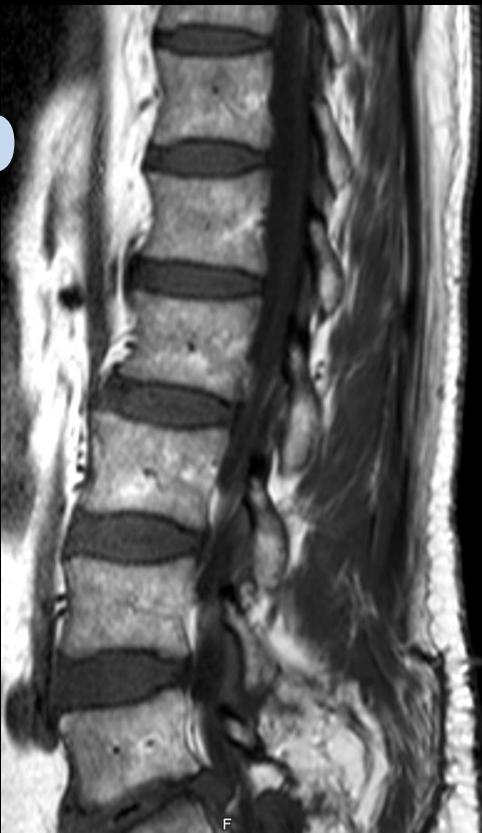
**T1**



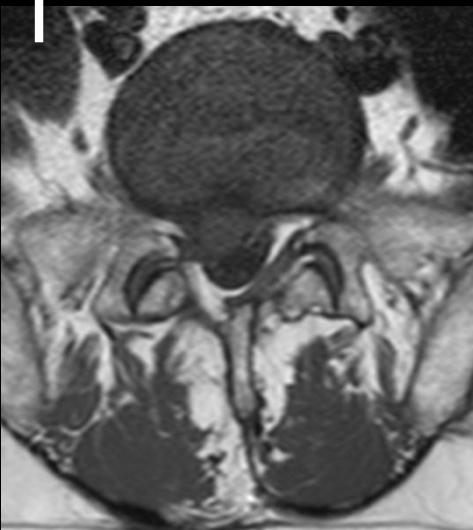
**T2**



Postop  
2 ans



T1



T2



# Recurrent herniation

- 1/3 causes of recurrent radicular pain
- same level, same side : 80 %
- other level, other side : 20 %



T1



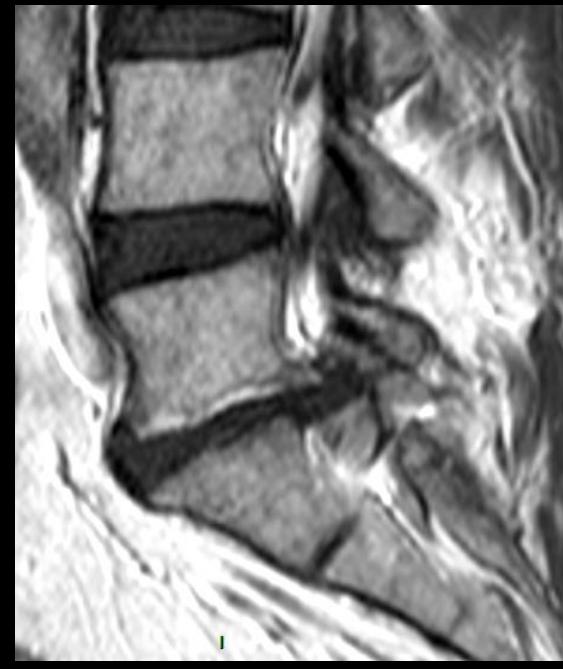
T2



T1



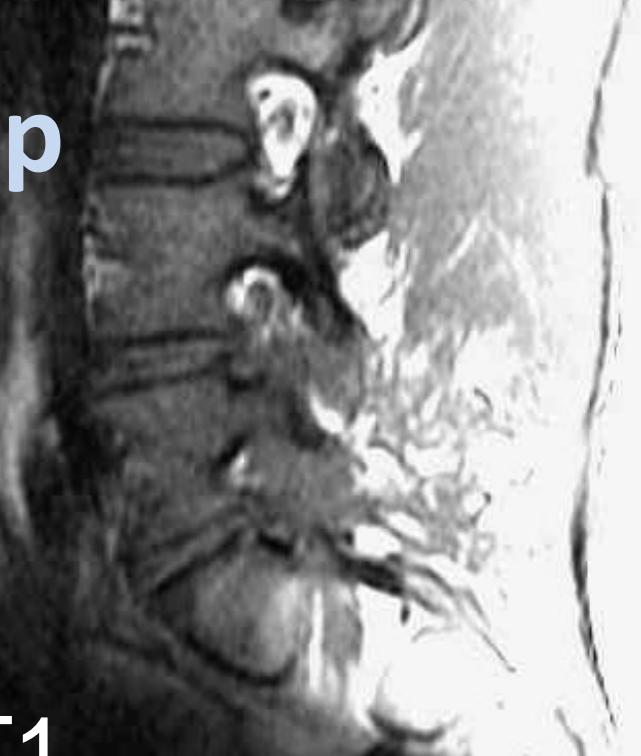
T2



T1 gd

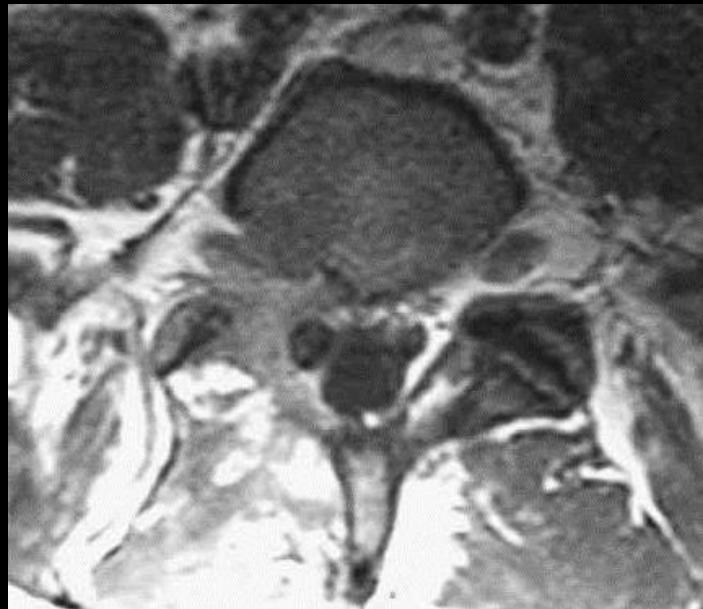
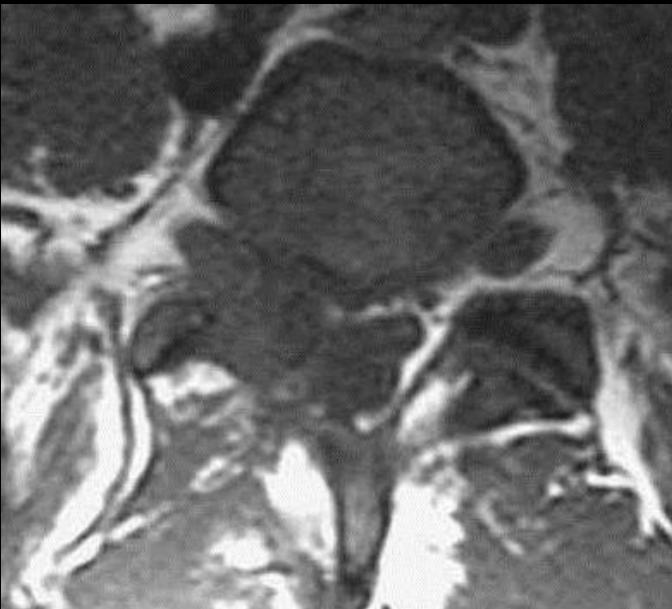


Postop  
3 ans



T1

T1 gd



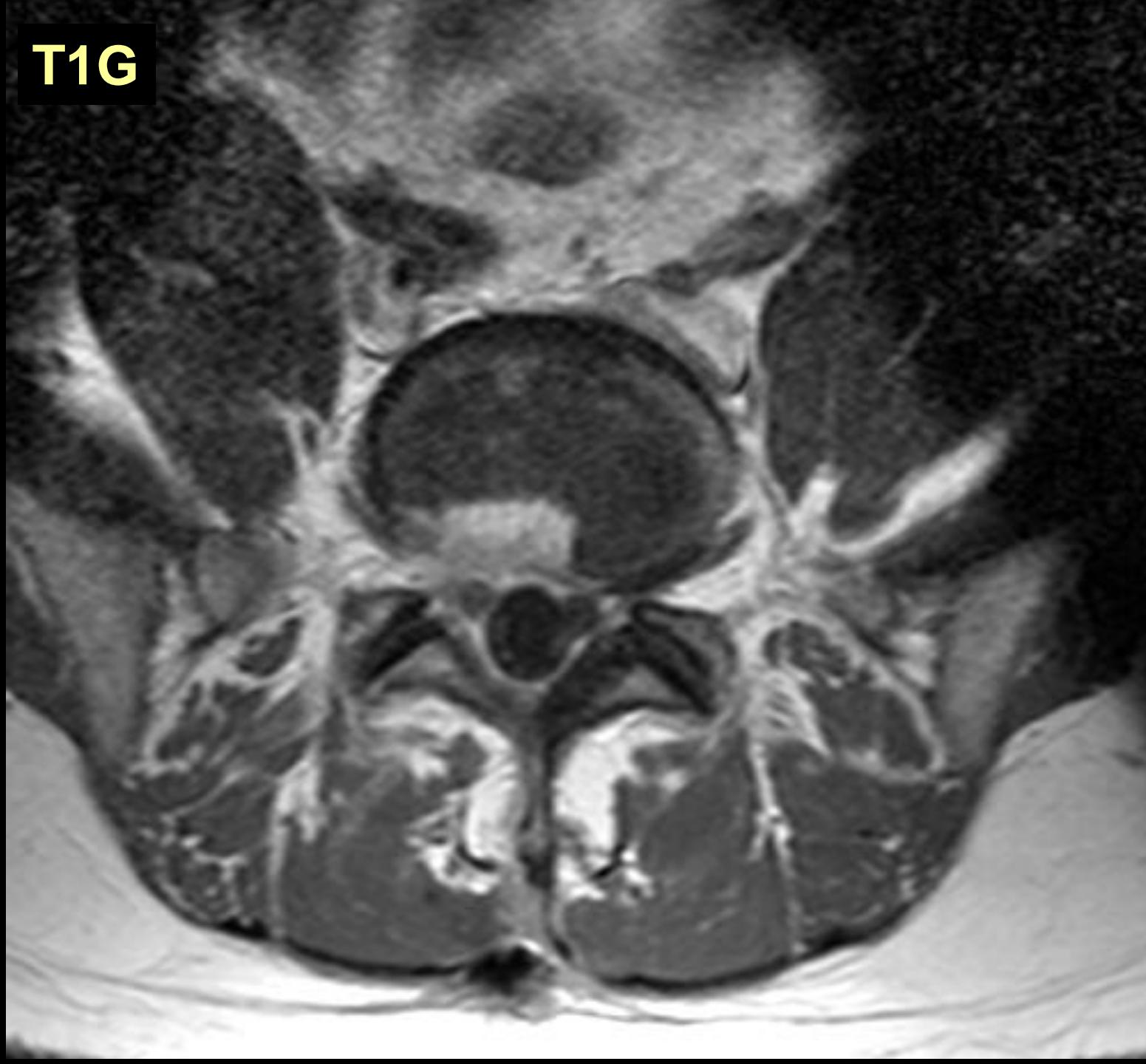
# Fibrosis - scar tissue

- evolution : edema-hemorrhagic → fibrous → sclerous
- +/- mass effect on sac / root
- retraction over time
- no difference at imaging: « normal » scar Vs symptomatic fibrosis

T1

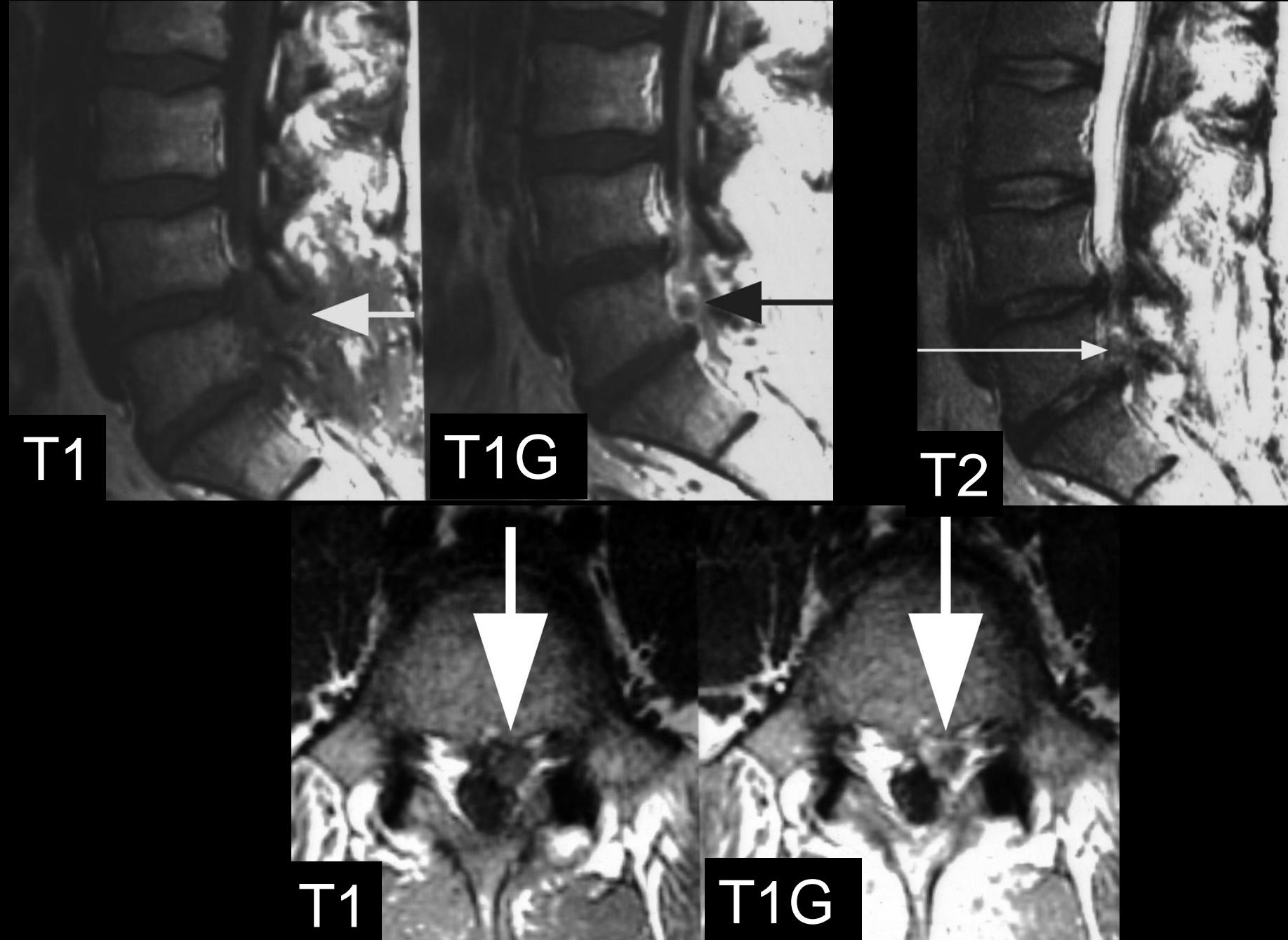


T1G



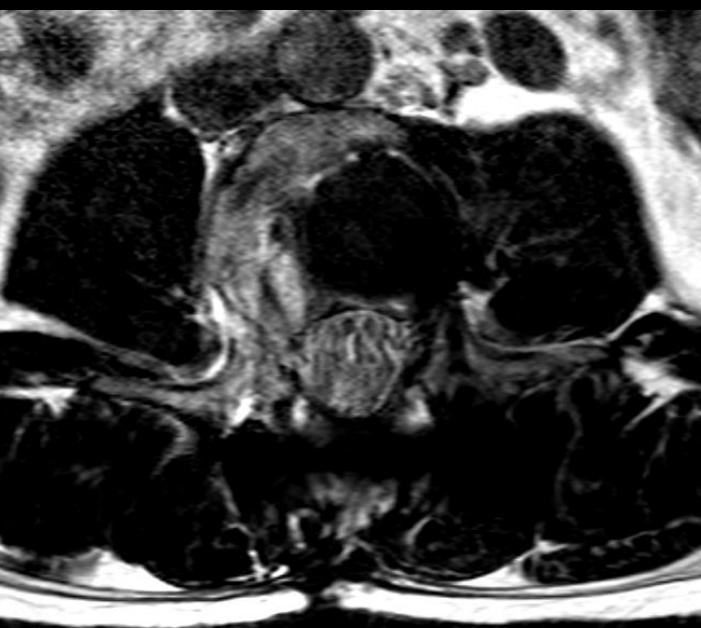
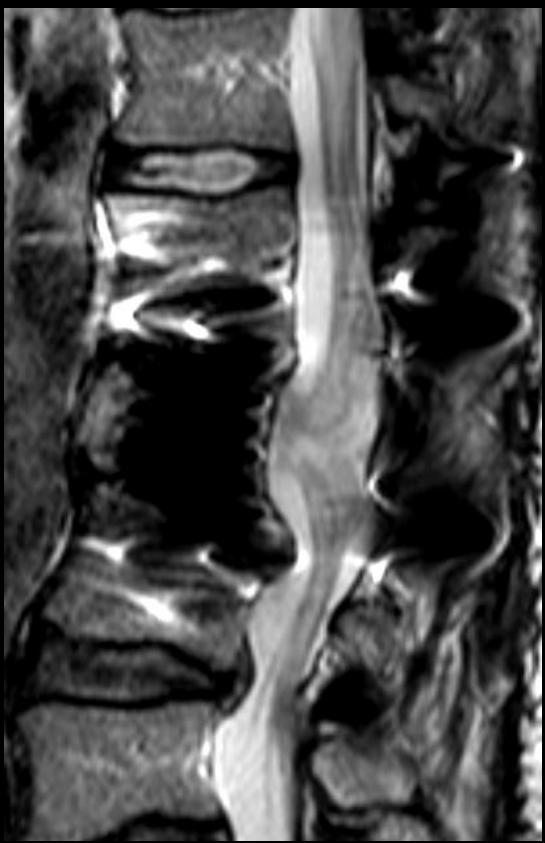
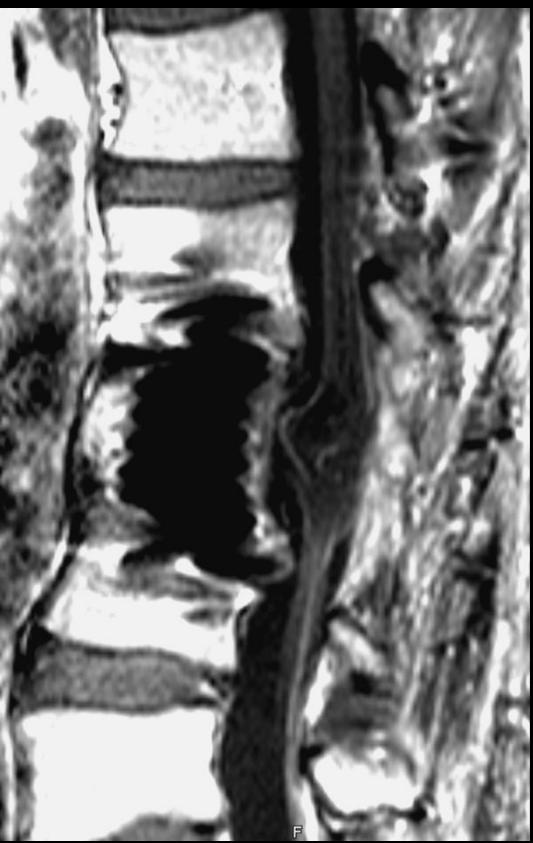
# Diff. Diagn.: recurrent herniation

- signal : variable
- best criterion : no enhancement = disk



Operated: disk fragment in fibrosis





# Arachnoïditis

- several causes : surgery, puncture, thecal injection ...
- adherences
  - roots
  - sac
- late observation

# Complications

Early



Late

- Malposition of material
- CSF leak
- Hematoma
- Infection
- Scar (fibrosis...)
- Arachnoïditis
- Recurrent herniation

# Operated spine : when it fails...

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Cliniques universitaires  
**SAINT-LUC**  
UCL BRUXELLES

